Management, Department of the Interior, 3022 Federal Building, Phoenix, Ariz. 85025.

If circumstances warrant it, a public hearing will be held at a convenient time and place, which will be announced.

The determination of the Secretary on the application will be published in the Federal Register. A separate notice will be sent to each interested party of record.

The lands involved in the application are as follows:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN, ARIZONA

T. 4 S., R. 11 E.,

Sec. 18, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, E1/2 W1/2 and E1/2.

T. 4 S., R. 13 E., Sec. 9, lot 1261B (MS), excepting Mineral Patent No. 29747.

The total areas of lands involved aggregate approximately 646.60 acres.

Dated: February 28, 1969.

RILEY E. FOREMAN, Acting State Director.

[F.R. Doc, 69-2815; Filed, Mar. 7, 1969; 8:46 a.m.]

National Park Service

[Order 1]

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER ET AL.

Delegation of Authority Regarding **Execution of Contracts and Purchase** Orders for Supplies, Equipment, or Services

 Administrative Officer. The Administrative Officer, Boston National Park Service Group, may execute, approve, and administer contracts not in excess of \$10,000 for supplies, equipment, or services in conformity with applicable regulations and statutory authority and subject to the availability of appropriations. This authority may be exercised by the Administrative Officer in behalf of any unit under the administration of the Boston National Park Service Group.

2. Revocation. This order supersedes Order No. 1 issued March 25, 1963, for Minute Man National Historical Park Project, and Order No. 1 issued March 25, 1963, for Salem Maritime National Historic Site.

(National Park Service Order No. 34 (31 F.R. 4255), as amended; 39 Stat. 535, 16 U.S.C., sec. 2; Northeast Region Order No. 5 (31 F.R. 8135))

, Dated: February 6, 1969.

BENJAMIN J. ZERBEY, General Superintendent, Boston National Park Service Group.

[F.R. Doc. 69-2816; Filed, Mar. 7, 1969; 8:46 a.m.]

Office of the Secretary NATIVE FISH AND WILDLIFE

List of Endangered Species

In accordance with section 1(c) of the Endangered Species Preservation Act of October 15, 1966 (80 Stat. 926; 16 U.S.C. 668aa(c)), I find, after consulting with the States, interested organizations, and individual scientists, that the following listed native fish and wildlife are threatened with extinction:

-	Columbian White-tailed DeerSonoran Pronghorn	Odocoileus virginianus leucurus. Antilocapra americana sonoriensis.
	Brees	
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	Molokai Creeper (or Kakawahie) Aklapolaau Kauai Akialoa	Loxops maculata flammea, Hemignathus wilsoni, Hemignathus procerus,
	Kauai Nukupuu Maui Nukupuu Laysan Finch	Hemignathus lucidus hanapepe. Hemignathus lucidus affinis. Psittirostra c. cantans.
	Nihoa Finch	Psittirostra cantans ultima. Psittirostra psittacea. Psittirostra bailleui. Pseudonestor xanthophrys.
	Bachman's Warbler Kirtland's Warbler Dusky Seaside Sparrow Cape Sable Sparrow	Vermivora bachmanti. Dendroica kirtlandii. Ammospiza nigrescens, Ammospiza mirabilis.
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REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS

American AliigatorBlunt-nosed Leopard LizardSan Francisco Garter Snake	Alligator mississippiensis. Crotaphytus wislizenii silus. Thamnophis sirtalis tetratuenia.
Puerto Rican Boa	Epicrates inornatus.
Santa Cruz Long-toed Salamander	Ambystoma macrodacytlum croceum.
Texas Blind Salamander	Typhlomolge rathbuni.
Black Toad, Inyo County Toad	Bufo exsul.
Houston Toad	Bufo houstonensis.

FISHES

Shortnose Sturgeon Longjaw Cisco Piute Cutthroat Trout Greenback Cutthroat Trout Montana Westslope Cuttthroat Trout Gila Trout Arizona (Apache) Trout Desert Dace Humphack Chub Moapa Dace Colorado River Squawfish Cui-ui Devils Hole Fupfish Comanche Springs Pupfish Owens River Pupfish Pahrump Killifish Big Bend Gambusia Clear Creek Gambusia Gila Topminnow Maryland Darter Blue Pike	Acipenser brevirostrum. Coregonus alpenae. Salmo clarki seleniris. Salmo clarki stomias. Salmo clarki. Salmo gilae. Salmo sp. Eremichthys acros. Gila cypha. Moapa coriacea. Ptychocheilus lucius. Chasmistes cujus. Cyprinodon diabolis. Cyprinodon radiosus. Empetrichythys latos. Gambusia gaigei. Gambusia heterochir. Poeciliopsis occidentalis. Etheostoma sellare. Stizostedion vitreum glaucum.
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FEBRUARY 17, 1969.

Walter J. Hickel, Secretary of the Interior.

[F.R. Doc. 69-2811; Filed, Mar. 7, 1969; 8:45 a.m.]

Southeastern Power Administration

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER AND AD-MINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT, OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Delegation of Authority With Respect to Entering Into Certain Contracts for Supplies or Services

1. The Administrative Officer, Office of the Administrator, may exercise the authority delegated to the Administrator under Chapter 205 DM 11 of the Departmental Manual with respect to:

Entering into contracts for supplies or services (excepting personal services) in conformity with applicable regulations and statutory requirements and subject to the availability of appropriations when the amount involved is not in excess of \$2.500.

- 2. The authority delegated under paragraph 1 hereof may be exercised by the Administrative Assistant, Office of the Administrator, when the amount involved is not in excess of \$1,000.
- 3. This notice supersedes the delegation of authority dated October 29, 1962 (27 F.R. 10362).

Chas. W. Leavy,

Administrator

FEBRUARY 25, 1969. [F.R. Doc. 69-2817; Filed, Mar. 7, 1969; 8:46 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Business and Defense Services
Administration

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

Notice of Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Article

The following is a decision on an application for duty-free entry of a scientific article pursuant to section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-651, 80 Stat. 897) and the regulations issued thereunder (32 F.R., 2433 et seq.).

A copy of the record pertaining to this decision is available for public review during ordinary business hours of the Department of Commerce, at the Scientific Instrument Evaluation Division, Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C.

Docket No. 69-00224-33-46040. Applicant: National Institutes of Health, 9000 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, Md. 20014. Article: Electron microscope, Model Eimiskop 101, spare parts and accessory. Manufacturer: Siemens AG, West Germany. Intended use of article: The article will be used for studies centered around mutant strains of simian virus-40 and polyoma virus. Temperature sensitive and host range mutants have been isolated and a large number of additional mutants will be obtained. The primary sequence of nucleic acid in wild and

mutant strains of virus-40 and polyoma virus is being investigated. The biological properties of these viruses will also be investigated with the aim of correlating specific changes in the nucleic acid with phenotypic changes. One of the major approaches in characterizing the mutant viruses will be electron microscopic examination of cells that have been infected at the restrictive temperature or during an infectious cycle with a restrictive host. Comments: No comments have been received with respect to this application. Decision: application approved. No instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign article, for the purposes for which such article is intended to be used, was being manufactured in the United States at the time the applicant placed the order for the foreign article (June 19, 1968). Reasons: (1) The foreign article has a guaranteed resolving power of 3.5 angstroms. The only known comparable domestic instrument which was available prior to July 1, 1968, was the Model EMU-4 electron microscope manufactured by the Radio Corporation of America (RCA). The RCA Model EMU-4 had a guaranteed resolution of 8 angstroms. _(The lower the numerical rating in terms of angstroms, the better the resolving capabilities.) For the purposes for which the foreign article is intended to be used, the highest possible resolving power must be utilized. Therefore, the additional resolving capabilities of the foreign article are pertinent. (2) The foreign article provides accelerating voltages of 40, 60, 80, and 100 kilovolts, whereas the RCA Model EMU-4 provided only 50- and 100kilovolt accelerating voltages. It has been experimentally established that the lower accelerating voltage of the foreign article offers optimum contrast for thin unstained biological specimens and that the voltage intermediate between 50 and 100 kilovolts affords optimum contrast for negatively stained specimens. The research program with which the foreign article is intended to be used involves experiments on both unstained and negatively stained specimens.

Therefore, the additional accelerating voltages provided by the foreign article are pertinent. For these reasons, we find that the RCA Model EMU-4 was not of equivalent scientific value to the foreign article for the purposes for which such article is intended to be used.

The Department of Commerce knows of no other instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign article, for such purposes as this article is intended to be used, which was being manufactured in the United States and available at the time the applicant placed the order for the foreign article.

CHARLEY M. DENTON,
Assistant Administrator for Industry Operations, Business
and Defense Services Administration.

[F.R. Doc. 69-2804; Filed, Mar. 7, 1969; 8:45 a.m.]

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 34, NO. 46-SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1969